Section 1.6 Definitions

DEFINITIONS	The terms below represent defined terms to be added, revised or deleted within Section 1.6
AGRICULUTRE- RELATED USE	Agriculture-related uses: means those farm related commercial and farm related industrial uses, including <i>value retaining</i> and <i>value added agricultural facilities</i> , that are directly related to farm operations in the area and are required in close proximity to farm operations, support agriculture, and provide direct products and/or services to farm operations as a primary activity.
ALTERNATIVE AND/OR RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS AMENDMENT NO. 139	Alternative energy systems mean sources of energy or energy conversion processes that significantly reduce the amount of harmful emissions to the environment (air, earth, and water) when compared to conventional energy systems. Note: this is being replaced with the term as defined in the PPS, 2020. (deleted)
BIOMASSS ENERGY SYSTEM	Biomass energy system means a renewable electrical generation facility using renewable biomass resources and/or waste products that produces electrical power and/or heat for needs of a user or to feed into the transmission or local distribution grid. A biomass energy system includes all components, supporting infrastructure, and outbuildings. A biomass energy system shall not include an onfarm biogas energy system. (deleted)
FARM-RELATED TOURISM	Farm-related tourism use means small scale tourism uses that are secondary to the farm operation and are focused on promoting the enjoyment, education or activities directly related to the farm operation. These uses may include short term limited accommodation such a bed and breakfast or <i>farm vacation rental</i> .

FARM OWNER	Farm owner means an individual, partnership, or corporation which:
	 i. Owns, is employed on, and manages an agricultural operation consisting of one or more agricultural lots; ii. Earns a majority of their income from farming (the scale of the agricultural operation should be capable of generating reasonable operating profit under "normal" economic conditions); iii. Spends a majority of their working time in the day-to-day operation of the farm on a full-time, year-round or extended seasonal basis; iv. Demonstrates a continuing commitment to the farm operation and long term farming, such as through sustainable farming practices, on-going farm maintenance and improvement (i.e. drainage, erosion control, soil improvement, fencing etc.), and direct investment in equipment, buildings, and crops; and v. must have a valid Farm Business Registration Number;
	The principal operator together with their spouse, or where owners normally reside in the same household, may be considered as one individual owner, partner or member of a corporation.
FARM VACATION RENTAL	<i>Farm vacation rental</i> means a rental for the temporary, short-term accommodation of guests as a <i>farm-related tourism use</i> . This may include the rental of a farm dwelling or accessory unit.
FARM UNIT	A farm unit means the composite of all lots operated as an agricultural operation, the principal farm residence, any accessory residences, <i>woodlands</i> , barns and other structures necessary to support <i>agricultural uses</i> and associated ancillary uses.
FARM WINERY	A <i>farm winery</i> includes any farm based use which produces alcohol through fermentation or distillation, including wineries, cideries, breweries and distilleries
ON-FARM DIVERSIFIED USE	On-farm diversified use means uses that are small scale, secondary to the principal agricultural use of the property and are limited in area. Such uses include <i>rural home industries</i> , <i>farm-related tourism uses</i> , <i>value-added agricultural facilities</i> , <i>value-retaining facilities</i> , smaller scale <i>agriculture-related uses</i> , and the seasonal storage of boats, recreational vehicles or automobiles within an existing building.

Renewable Energy System AMENDMENT NO. 139 *Renewable energy systems* mean the production of electrical power from an energy source that is renewed by natural processes including, but not limited to, wind, water, a biomass resource or product, or solar and geothermal energy. (deleted)

RURAL ENTREPRE-NEURIAL USE Rural entrepreneurial use means a small scale business or industry, which exceeds the permitted size and/or scale of a *rural home* occupation as set out in Section 3.1 but remains secondary to the rural residential use of the property and complies with the use, scale and design criteria for a *rural entrepreneurial use* as contained in this Plan.

RURAL HOME Rural home industry means a small-scale business or industry that is secondary to the agricultural or residential use on a property. Typical examples of such uses include:

- small equipment repair;
- small scale vet clinic;
- a workshop for a building contractor or, trade occupation, welder;
- a studio space for a woodworker, craftsperson or artist; or
- other similar use.

RURAL HOME

SOLAR ENERGY

SYSTEM

Rural home occupation means a small-scale occupation or business that is clearly secondary to the residential use on the lot. Typical examples of such uses include:

- a home office for a professional, agent or contractor;
- a personal service such as: hair styling, aesthetics or massage;
- a small scale catering operation;
- a home day care;
- a bed and breakfast establishment; or
- other similar use.

Solar energy system means a renewable electrical generation facility that produces power from the sun using photovoltaic technology to provide all, or a portion of, the electrical power needs for a user or to feed into the transmission or local distribution grid. A solar energy system includes all arrays, supporting infrastructure, and outbuildings. (deleted) VALUE ADDED AGRICULTURAL FACILITY VAlue added agricultural facility means uses located on a farm that process agricultural commodities into new forms that enhance their value and may include/ add off-farm inputs. Typical examples of such facilities include pressing apples and bottling cider, small scale winery, grain milling, cherry pitting and preserving, chopping and canning vegetables, grain roasting for livestock feed, and retail-oriented packaging.

VALUE RETAINING FACILITY VALUE RETAINING FACILITY VALUE retaining facility means a use located on a farm that serves to maintain the quality of agricultural commodities produced on that farm (i.e., prevent spoilage) to ensure they remain saleable, or that provides a minimum amount of processing to make the agricultural commodities produced on that farm saleable. Typical examples of such facilities includes those that provide refrigeration, controlledatmosphere storage, cleaning, grading, drying, sorting, evaporating maple sap into syrup, honey extraction, and simple (bulk) packaging.

3.1 Agricultural Land Resource

INTRODUCTION

Agriculture in Oxford County has maintained its position as an extensive user of land and an industry of significant importance to the local economy. Over 90 percent of agricultural land in the County is within Classes I, II and III agricultural land capability. In, 2016 87 percent of the total County land base was devoted to agricultural production and the agricultural industry was the fourth most important employer in the County. Further, there were over 1875 farms in the County reporting total annual gross farm receipts of over \$709 million, with a continued trend toward fewer, but larger and more intensive farming operations. Based on the total value of products sold, Oxford County farms were, on average, the third most productive in Ontario. Agriculture in Oxford is a key contributor to both the local and Provincial economies. Further, given the quality and extent of the agricultural land base, level of capital investment in agriculture and geographic location, the County will continue to be one of the most important agricultural areas in the Province. However it is also recognized that the agriculture industry in Oxford will need to continue to evolve and adapt in order to remain competitive and address ongoing challenges such as declining farm populations, fluctuating commodity prices, increasing competition, changing consumer preferences, and increasing environmental requirements and issues, including the impacts of a changing climate.

In order to ensure Oxford's agricultural industry remains healthy and sustainable for the long term and maintains the flexibility to respond to these challenges, County Council and Area Councils are committed to protecting and preserving the prime agricultural area of the County for agricultural uses for the long term. This is to be accomplished by designating all lands that are located outside of settlements in Oxford County as a *prime agricultural area* and establishing clear local policy direction with respect to permitted uses and lot creation in such areas. In general, the County policies will support agriculture by recognizing the value of the agricultural land base for current and future food and fibre production, minimizing the potential for conflict and land competition from non-agricultural uses, and by providing clear guidance that the County's prime agricultural area is to be preserved for agriculture use. The policies also support the promotion of local food and agri-business opportunities through the recognition of agriculture-related and on-farm diversified uses, as well as the promotion of the rural economy and tourism opportunities through the incorporation of farm-related tourism uses, rural home occupations, and rural entrepreneurial uses. All of which contribute to the agricultural system within Oxford County.

3.1.1 Goal for Agricultural Policies

County Council shall ensure that the County's *prime agricultural area* is preserved for food and fiber production by avoiding further fragmentation of the land base, minimizing conflict between *agricultural uses* and non-agricultural uses; and supporting the needs of the agricultural community by permitting land uses which are directly related to and supportive of agricultural uses in the area, where appropriate.

3.1.2 Strategic Approach

In order to manage *development* in the *prime agricultural area* of the County in a manner that is supportive of a strong agriculture industry, it is the strategic aim of County Council and the Area Councils to:

DESIGNATE THE PRIME AGRICULTURAL AREA

PROTECT THE PRIME AGRICULTURAL AREA Designate all lands in the County that are located outside of a *settlement*, as identified on Schedule C-3 and the Land Use Plan Schedules as a *prime agricultural area*.

Protect and preserve the County's *prime agricultural area* (i.e. not just the *prime agricultural lands*) for long-term *agricultural use*.

MINIMIZE CONFLICT WITH FARM OPERATIONS

MONITORING

Prevent situations of land use conflict in the *prime agricultural area* through careful management of non-agricultural uses, including rural residential, recreational, commercial, industrial, and aggregate resource extraction.

In the prime agricultural area, all types, sizes and intensities of agricultural uses and normal farm practices shall be promoted and protected, where appropriate. However, any new and/or reconfigured agricultural lots shall remain sufficiently large to provide flexibility for future changes in the type, size and/or intensity of agriculture uses, limit land fragmentation, and minimize potential negative impacts on agriculture ;

AGRICULTURE-RELATED USES Allow for the establishment of *agricultural-related* uses that require a location in an agricultural area, are compatible with and do not hinder surrounding agricultural operations and do not undermine or conflict with the planned function of settlements, to provide opportunities to establish agricultural services that support or improve agriculture in the area.

ON-FARM DIVERSIFIED USES Allow for the establishment of on-farm diversified uses that are limited in scale, compatible with and do not hinder surrounding agricultural uses, and do not undermine or conflict with the planned function of settlements, to provide opportunities for farmers to establish a value added agricultural facility, farm-related tourism use or other appropriate small business use on their farm to supplement their income from farming.

Ensure that land uses within the *prime agricultural area* conform with the applicable policies of Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies.

Monitor provincial, and national agricultural related legislation, regulations, policies, and guidelines in order to determine whether the land use policies affecting agriculture in this Official Plan are consistent with efforts at other levels of government to provide for a sustainable agriculture industry.

3.1.3 Land Use Designation and Mapping

The agricultural policies apply to the policy area identified as Agricultural Reserve on all Land Use Plan Schedules.

AGRICULTURAL RESERVE AND PRIME AGRICULTURAL DESIGNATION The Agricultural Reserve designation on the Land Use Schedules identifies the *rural area* of the County which is intended for long term *agricultural use.* The Agricultural Reserve designation, together with the other land use designations that apply to lands located outside of *settlements*, comprise the *prime agricultural area* of the County.

The policies of this Section may also be considered in the evaluation of *development* proposals in the following land use designations and overlays: Environmental Protection Area, Open Space, Future Urban Growth and Quarry Area.

Agricultural uses shall be the priority use within the Agricultural Reserve designation. Agricultural-related uses and secondary uses, including on-farm diversified uses, may also be permitted in accordance with the applicable policies of this Section. The development of non-agricultural uses shall not be permitted, except in the limited circumstances set out in this Plan.

SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION AS PART OF AN APPLICATION Where additional information or studies are required for a proposed *development*, in accordance with the policies of this plan, this information will be prepared by qualified individuals and submitted in a form satisfactory to the County or Area Municipality as applicable.

Further, the County and/or Area Municipality may, depending on the scope and complexity of the application, require third party review of any information, materials or documentation required by the County and/or Area Municipality. The applicant will be responsible for the costs of the third party review as well as the costs associated with any additional review resulting from revisions to the original materials that may be required as a result of the third party review.

Submission of planning and technical studies as applicable is required, prior to consideration of the development application by the County or Area Municipality as applicable.

<u>3.1.4 Agricultural Uses in the Agricultural Reserve</u> <u>Designation</u>

The policies in this Section apply to agricultural and other associated uses in the Agricultural Reserve designation in the County of Oxford. The policies for certain other land use designations and overlays, such as Quarry Area, Future Urban Growth, Open Space and Environmental Protection Area may also refer to these policies for direction on permitted agricultural uses.

3.1.4.1 Permitted Uses

NON-

AGRICULTURAL

RENEWABLE

INFRASTRUCTURE

INTERIM USES

ENERGY FACILITIES The following land uses are permitted in the Agricultural Reserve designation as identified on the Land Use Plan Schedules in this Plan, subject to the policies of this Section.

AGRICULTURAL USES The primary uses permitted in the Agricultural Reserve designation are agricultural uses.

All livestock and poultry farms will be subject to the policies of Section 3.1.4.2.1 pertaining to *Minimum Distance Separation Formula II* and nutrient management.

Secondary uses that may be permitted in the Agricultural Reserve designation include: *rural home occupations* and *on-farm diversified uses*.

All secondary uses are subject to the specific policies for such uses as contained in this Plan.

AGRICULTURE-RELATED USES Agriculture-related uses may be permitted in the Agricultural Reserve designation in accordance with the policies of Section 3.1.4.3 of this Plan.

In order to protect and preserve the County's *prime agricultural area* for long-term *agricultural use*, non-agricultural uses will only be permitted in the limited circumstances set out in the policies of Section 3.1.5 and 3.1.7 of this Plan.

Renewable Energy Facilities, shall be permitted in the Agricultural Reserve in accordance with the policies of Section 3.1.5.4 of the Plan.

Infrastructure shall be permitted in the Agricultural Reserve in accordance with the policies of Section 3.1.5.5 of the Plan.

Sand and gravel, oil, gas and gypsum extraction and ancillary uses are permitted in the Agricultural Reserve as interim uses in accordance with the policies in Section 3.4, Resource Extraction Policies.

NATURAL HERITAGE FEATURES AND/OR SYSTEMS Natural heritage features and areas and other natural heritage system components are located throughout the prime agricultural area of the County and form part of the prime agricultural area. Permitted uses within and adjacent to the various natural features and areas that comprise the natural heritage system shall be in accordance with the applicable policies of this Section and Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies.

ALL USES	In addition to the policies of this section, all permitted uses shall comply with any other applicable policies of this Plan, including, but not limited to, those in Section 3.2 Environmental Resource policies and Section 3.3 Cultural Resource Policies.
	3.1.4.2 Agricultural Uses
AGRICULTURAL USE	All types, sizes and intensity of <i>agricultural uses</i> shall generally permitted within the agricultural reserve designation in accordance with the following policies and the applicable agricultural zoning provisions in the area municipal zoning by-law.
	The following policies apply to the development of <i>agricultural uses</i> in the Agricultural Reserve designation
VALUE RETAINING FACILITY	An agricultural use may include value retaining facilities that exclusively serve that agricultural use.
	Where value retaining facilities serve more than one farm, they shall only be permitted in accordance with the policies of this plan pertaining to on-farm diversified uses or agriculture-related uses.
CANNABIS	While the growing of cannabis is considered an <i>agricultural use</i> , related uses associated with production, such as, but not limited to: laboratories, processing, packaging, and shipping, may only be considered as <i>on-farm diversified uses</i> or <i>agriculture-related uses</i> and subject to the applicable policies for such uses, in addition to Provincial and Federal requirements.
ANAEROBIC DIGESTERS	Anaerobic digesters, as a <i>renewable energy facility</i> , shall be permitted as an <i>agricultural use</i> in accordance with the requirements of 3.1.5.4
LIVESTOCK FARMING	<i>Agricultural uses</i> which include new or expanding livestock and poultry operations are permitted, subject to the requirements of 3.1.4.2.1
DWELLINGS	Residential uses, including accommodation for farm labour, may be permitted on an agricultural lot, as an accessory use, subject to the requirements of 3.1.4.2.2

AGRICULTURAL LOT SIZE Agricultural lots shall be sufficiently large to facilitate sizes and configurations that provide for flexible and efficient *agricultural uses* over the long term. The minimum size of agricultural lots shall be 30 hectares (74.1 acres).

Development of *existing* undersized agricultural lots (agricultural lots of less than 16 ha. (39.5 acres), including the establishment of a new residential use, is subject to the requirements of 3.1.4.2.3

3.1.4.2.1 New or Expanding Livestock or Poultry Operations

LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY The County of Oxford recognizes the importance of livestock and poultry operations to food production and the economy. In addition to the protection of agricultural lands and operations, the County also recognizes the importance of minimizing conflicts between livestock facilities and non-*agricultural uses* and protecting environmental resources, including water resources.

MDS AND NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT

New livestock or poultry housing facilities, anaerobic digesters and/or manure storages, and modifications for enlargement of an existing livestock or poultry housing facility or manure storage, shall generally comply with the *Minimum Distance Separation Formulae (MDS)* and the requirements of the Nutrient Management Act.

Area Municipalities may enact Zoning and/or other municipal by-laws to ensure that new livestock or poultry operations, that are below the minimum size required to be subject to the *MDS Formulae* and/or regulated by the Nutrient Management Act, are appropriately located and can adequately manage the manure they generate.

In the interests of proactive ground and surface water protection, existing livestock or poultry farms not currently subject to the Nutrient Management Act are encouraged to prepare a nutrient management plan and ensure that they have adequate and appropriately designed and located manure storage.

OTHER APPLICABLE POLICIES

EXISTING LIVESTOCK FARMS

> Proposals to develop new or expanding livestock or poultry facilities shall also comply with all other applicable policies of this Plan, including: Section 3.2 Environmental Resource policies and Section 3.3 Cultural Resource Policies

3.1.4.2.2 Residential Uses on Agricultural Lots

OBJECTIVES The following objectives apply to proposals to establish one or more dwellings on an agricultural lot:

- To preserve and protect agricultural areas for viable agriculture and avoid or minimize potential impacts on agricultural operations
- To permit the *development* of dwellings on agricultural lots as an accessory use only where required to accommodate for full-time farm labour, when the size and nature of the agricultural operation requires additional employment, or in accordance with the policies for converted dwellings or *garden suites*.
- To ensure that new dwellings on agricultural lots are located to minimize potential impacts on *agricultural uses* and the loss of *prime agricultural land*.
- To ensure that new second or additional permanent dwellings are only permitted where they are required to accommodate full-time labour necessary for the day-to-day operation of the farm over the long term.
- To ensure that farm dwellings are not permitted to be severed from the *farm unit*, except through farm consolidation in accordance with the policies of Section 3.1.5.3

Within the County's *prime agricultural area*, residential uses on an agricultural lot will only be permitted where they are accessory to the agricultural operation.

Area Zoning By-Laws shall prohibit the establishment of accessory residential dwellings on agricultural lots with no frontage on a public road, that is maintained year-round at a reasonable level of construction.

Area Zoning By-laws will regulate the location of new accessory residential dwellings on agricultural lots to ensure new dwellings are located to minimize impacts on *agricultural uses* and the loss of *prime agricultural land*.

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POLICIES

RESIDENCES ONLY ACCESSORY TO THE FARM ADDITIONAL DWELLING Additional dwelling units may be permitted on an agricultural lot in the form of temporary dwellings, such as mobile homes or modular dwellings, and permanent detached dwellings through a minor variance granted by the Area Committee of Adjustment, in accordance with the policies of this subsection.

A converted dwelling and/or *garden suite* may be permitted on an agricultural lot in the County's *prime agricultural area* in accordance with the policies of Sections 4.2.2.1 and 10.3.9, respectively.

SURPLUS RESIDENCE On-farm dwellings are to be considered as part of the agricultural use and consent to sever any surplus farm dwellings will not be permitted by the Oxford County Land Division Committee, unless the proposal involves the severance of a dwelling that is rendered surplus as a result of a farm consolidation in accordance with the policies of Section 3.1.5.3

3.1.4.2.2.1 Development Criteria for Residential uses on Agricultural Lots

CRITERIA FOR ADDITIONAL ON-FARM RESIDENCES With the exception of a *garden suite* or converted dwelling, all applications for additional dwelling units shall satisfy the following criteria:

- the size and nature of the farm operation requires an additional dwelling unit to house farm labour needed for the day-to-day operation of the farm on a full-time year-round basis, or full-time seasonal basis over an extended growing season, and such labour needs to be located in close proximity to the farm operation;
- the size of the agricultural lot is in keeping with the policies of Section 3.1.4.2 of the Official Plan and complies with the provisions of the Zoning By-Law of the Area Municipality;
- the number of existing dwellings already located on the farm unit cannot adequately serve the labour needs of the agricultural operation;
- the principal dwelling on the lot is occupied by the *farmer owner*, or the retired farmer;

- the additional dwelling unit is demonstrated to be necessary for accommodating farm labor directly involved with the farming operation on a full-time, year-round or extended seasonal basis;
- the additional dwelling is located so as to:
 - i. be in close proximity to the principal farm dwelling;
 - ii. minimize the area of agricultural land used or occupied by the dwelling and associated outdoor amenity areas and *individual* on-site sewage services; and
 - iii. utilize lands with existing constraints for agriculture, where they exist.
- Individual on-site water supply and sewage services are demonstrated to be adequate or will be made adequate to serve the proposed use, in accordance with the applicable policies of Sections 3.3, Water Quality and Quantity and 5.5., County Servicing Policy; and
- the location of the proposed additional farm dwelling shall comply with all other applicable policies including: Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies and Section 3.3., Cultural Resource Policies.

REQUIREMENTS FOR PERMANENT DWELLINGS Additional dwellings shall generally be in the form of temporary dwellings. Permanent dwellings will only be considered where it has been demonstrated, to the satisfaction of Area Council, that the following additional criteria have been addressed:

- the type, size and scale of the farm operation clearly justifies the continued need for an additional dwelling to house farm labour required on a full-time, year round or extended seasonal basis, over the long term;
- there are no other agricultural lots in the area that are part of the *farm unit* and would already permit the construction of a dwelling;
- the dwelling will be located in close proximity to the existing dwelling on the lot, so as to form a single site for on-farm residential uses that does not exceed 0.8 hectares (2 acres) in total area, including the area used for the dwellings and accessory residential buildings, driveways, outdoor amenity areas and *individual on-site sewage services*;
- the dwelling will use the existing driveway serving the principle farm dwelling for vehicular access to a public road, ;and
- the dwelling will satisfy the *MDS I* setback, or not further reduce an existing insufficient *MDS I* setback.

Where a minor variance to establish a second permanent dwelling is approved, it shall include conditions of approval to ensure the dwelling is located in accordance with the locational criteria of this Section.

Where the proposed additional farm dwelling is intended to be a temporary dwelling such as a mobile dwelling unit or a modular dwelling unit, the conditions of approval shall require the applicant to enter into an agreement with the municipality to address issues such as installation, maintenance, removal, period of occupancy and other matters deemed appropriate to ensure the dwelling is and remains necessary to support the agricultural operation and is temporary in nature. The conditions of approval shall also ensure the dwelling in located in accordance with the location criteria of this section.

Temporary dwellings must satisfy the requirements of *MDS I* or not further reduce an existing insufficient *MDS I* setback.



MINIMUM DISTANCE SEPARATION

3.1.4.2.3 Existing Under-Sized Agricultural Lots

It is recognized that there are numerous existing smaller agricultural lots within the *prime agricultural area* of the County. It is the intent of this Plan that such lots continue to be utilized for *agricultural use* over the long term and shall not constitute potential development sites for residential and other non-*agricultural uses*.

The following key objectives apply to existing undersized agricultural lots:

- To ensure that the primary function of existing undersized agricultural land parcels is for agricultural purposes.
- To encourage the consolidation of existing undersized agricultural lots with abutting agricultural lots and only permit the construction of a residential dwelling where the principal agricultural function of the undersized lot is not compromised.
- To ensure the manure generated by smaller livestock and/or poultry operations that are not regulated by the Nutrient Management Act is appropriately managed

POLICIES

INTENT AND

OBJECTIVES

PARCEL SIZE

The policies of this section shall apply to all existing agricultural lots that are smaller than 16 ha (39.5 ac) in area. These agricultural lots are referred to as "existing undersized agricultural lots" in this Plan.

Existing agricultural lots that are 16 ha (39.5 acres) or larger in area shall be subject to the general agricultural use policies of this Plan and the applicable provisions of the Area Municipal Zoning By-Law.

PERMITTED USES Existing undersized agricultural lots may be used for a primary use permitted in Section 3.1.4.1, however the *development* a residential dwelling shall not be permitted, except for a dwelling established in accordance with the policies of 3.1.4.2.3.1

Notwithstanding the permitted uses above, existing undersized agricultural lots that are greater than 1 ha (2.47 acres) in area and contain an existing permanent residential dwelling, or have existing zoning that allows for a permanent residential dwelling, shall be identified through an appropriate agricultural zoning category in the Area Municipal Zoning By-law. Such zoning shall recognize the existing lot area and permit the primary agricultural uses in Section 3.1.4.1, as well as a dwelling and/or necessary farm buildings.

Where livestock or poultry facilities and/or manure storages may be proposed, including expansions to existing facilities they shall be subject to the requirements of Section 3.1.4.2.1.

3.1.4.2.3.1 Development of a Residential Dwelling on an Existing Undersized Agricultural Lot

DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA

The development of a residential dwelling on an existing undersized agricultural lot may only be permitted through a boundary adjustment proposal that will result in the addition of agricultural lands from the existing undersized agricultural lot to an abutting agricultural lot, provided that all of the following criteria are addressed to the satisfaction of the County:

• The proposal will result in a substantial amount of tillable agricultural land being added to the agricultural lot that is to be enlarged. Further, the enlarged agricultural lot to be created by the boundary adjustment shall comply with the policies of Section 3.1.4.2.4 pertaining to agricultural lot additions.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ENLARGED LOT AND LANDS TO BE ADDED

SIZE AND LOCATION OF RETAINED LOT	• The lot to be retained and rezoned to allow for the development of a residential dwelling shall be sized and located so as to:
	 i. Have frontage on a public road, maintained year round, at a reasonable standard of construction; ii. Be the minimum size required to accommodate the dwelling and individual on-site water services and individual on-site sewage services and shall not exceed 0.4 ha (1 ac); iii. Satisfy <i>MDS I</i> requirements; iv. Preserve agricultural land by locating on lands with existing constraints for agriculture, wherever possible, and not create small or irregularly shaped areas for tillage and cropping; and v. Minimize potential impacts on existing and future agricultural uses on surrounding lots (e.g. <i>MDS II</i> setback requirements), including the lot to be enlarged.
	Notwithstanding ii. above, a larger minimum size for the retained lot may be considered where:
	 i. it is supported through an Environmental Impact Study in accordance with the requirements of Section 3.2, and ii. it is solely for the protection of <i>natural heritage features or areas</i>, avoids development within such features and areas, and does not result in a greater loss of <i>prime agricultural land</i>.
SERVICING	• Individual on-site water services and/or sewage services are demonstrated to be adequate or will be made adequate to serve the proposed use and in accordance with the applicable policies contained in Section 3.2.7.2, Water Quality and Quantity, and Section 5.5 County Servicing Policy.
OTHER APPLICABLE POLICIES	• Development proposals for existing under-sized agricultural parcels shall also comply with all other applicable policies of this Plan, including: Section 3.2 Environmental Resource policies and Section 3.3 Cultural Resource Policies

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3.1.4.2.4 Creation of Agricultural Lots Agricultural Lot Additions

OBJECTIVESThe following key objectives have been established for severances for
agricultural purposes:

PARCEL SIZE To provide for agricultural lot sizes and configurations that are suitable for the type of agricultural uses common to the area and ensure flexibility for farm operators to engage in differing types of viable agricultural operations now and in the future.

VIABILITY To ensure that where agricultural lots are created, they are capable of sustaining a broad range of viable agricultural operations that are common to the area.

MINIMIZE FRAGMENTATION To minimize farmland fragmentation and avoid the creation of irregularly shaped agricultural lots and tillable land areas.

COMPATIBILITY To ensure that MDS Formulae are satisfied.

EVALUATION CRITERIA To establish appropriate land use planning criteria for evaluating agricultural severance proposals.

The following policy criteria will be used to evaluate proposals to sever agricultural land for:

- 1) agricultural lot additions and farm consolidations, where the land being severed is to be legally consolidated with an abutting existing agricultural lot, to form one lot under identical ownership: and
- 2) the creation of new agricultural lots.

AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES Agricultural use must be the intended use of the land being severed and/or the lot being enlarged, and the lot being retained, except in the case of a retained lot containing a dwelling rendered surplus as a result of farm consolidation in accordance with the policies of Section 3.1.5.2.1.

FLEXIBILITY The severed, retained and enlarged agricultural lots shall remain sufficiently large to provide the flexibility for existing and future agricultural operations on those lots to respond to changing market conditions and trends in agriculture, such as by:

- changing the commodity produced,
- increasing the scale of operation; and,
- diversifying and/or intensifying production of agricultural commodities.

SUITABILITY The agricultural lot size and configuration shall be suitable for the types of agriculture common in the area as well as the type of *agriculture use* being proposed;

FRAGMENTATION Agricultural severances should avoid further fragmentation of agricultural land;

MINIMUM LOT SIZE In order to promote and sustain viable and flexible farming operations, limit land fragmentation and minimize potential negative impacts on agriculture, the minimum agricultural lot size shall be 30 hectares (74.1 acres).

COMPATIBILITY Consents for farm severance or consolidation purposes must satisfy MDS Formulae.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FOOD The Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs may be consulted to assist in the evaluation of the farm severance criteria.

SITE SPECIFIC CRITERIA In considering the land use planning merits of the proposed consent, regard shall also be had for the following site specific criteria:

- the amount of tillable land in comparison to total lot size (i.e. lots should be substantially comprised of tillable agricultural land);
- the size and configuration of the proposed lots and tillable areas for cropping and/or livestock purposes; and,
- the presence of farm buildings or structures to support the proposed use.

SEVERANCE OF NATURAL HERITAGE FEATURES

Woodlands and other natural heritage features and areas should not be severed from an agricultural lot unless the woodland and/or other natural heritage features or areas are to be conveyed to the County of Oxford or another public authority or conservation land trust approved of by the County, for natural heritage conservation purposes. Consents for such purposes may be permitted, provided that no new buildable lot would be created, and any retained agricultural lot would comply with the applicable policies of 3.1.4.2

The proposed configuration of agricultural lots shall not result in further fragmentation of *natural heritage features or areas* and/or the broader *natural heritage system*. Compliance with this policy shall be determined by the County, in consultation with the Conservation Authority with jurisdiction and/or any other agencies or qualified professionals that the County may deem necessary.

OTHER APPLICABLE POLICIES Proposals to sever an agricultural lot shall also comply with the policies in Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies, Section 3.3., Cultural Resource Policies, Section 3.4.2 Petroleum Resources, and Section 10.3.4, Consent (Severance)

3.1.4.2.4.1 Consent Conditions

The Land Division Committee may impose reasonable and appropriate conditions on the granting of a consent to sever a lot for agricultural purposes in order to ensure the legitimacy of the agricultural component of the consent and achieve other planning objectives. Such conditions may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the prohibition of residential structures on the proposed agricultural lot through a site specific zoning;
- Requiring site specific zoning to ensure that any residential dwelling and associated *individual on-site water services* and/or *individual on-site sewage services*, outdoor amenity areas and driveways on the proposed agricultural lot will be situated and designed so as to:
 - i. minimize the area of agricultural land used or occupied to the greatest extent possible, and shall not exceed 0.4 ha (1ac);
 - ii. be situated in close proximity to any farm buildings and utilize the same driveway;
 - iii. maximize the continued use of the lot for agricultural purposes by locating on lands with existing constraints for agriculture, where they exist, and not creating small or irregularly shaped areas for tillage and cropping; and
 - iv. minimize the impact on the continued agricultural use of the lot and on surrounding agricultural operations. (e.g. area restricted for future livestock housing facilities due to *Minimum Distance Separation Formula* II setback requirements).
- a condition for a severance agreement requiring the construction of proposed farm buildings or structures prior to the construction of any residential buildings;

NATURAL HERITAGE AND WATER QUALITY MEASURES

- The County shall consult with the Conservation Authority with jurisdiction and/or any other agencies or qualified professionals that the County may deem necessary, to identify opportunities and measures, on the lots to be severed, retained and/or enlarged, for restoring and/or enhancing the components of the *natural heritage system* and protecting and/or improving quality of *surface water features*. Such measures may include, but are not be limited to:
 - i) requiring fencing around *surface water features* to prevent livestock access;
 - ii) establishing buffer or filter strips adjacent to *surface water features* and drainage systems; and/or
 - iii) establishing appropriate setbacks for buildings, structures, wells or wastewater disposal facilities from lot lines, municipal and private wells, *natural heritage features and areas*, and *surface water features*.

Where deemed reasonable and appropriate, the County may impose conditions on the granting of the consent to ensure such measures are implemented and maintained.

• the implementation of measures to assist in environmental protection, mitigation and enhancements including topsoil preservation, *natural heritage system* enhancement and water quality maintenance as set out in Sections 3.1.4.2.4 and 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies.

3.1.4.3 Secondary Uses

3.1.4.3.1 Rural Home Occupations

Within the Agricultural Reserve designation, a portion of a residential dwelling or a structure accessory to a residential dwelling, may be used for the purpose of a *rural home occupation* provided that:

- such *rural home occupation* is small scale and clearly secondary to the residential use on the lot;
- The gross floor area of all structures, or portions thereof, used and/or occupied by the *rural home occupation* shall generally not exceed 40 m² (431 ft²), or 25% of the gross floor area of the dwelling, whichever is the lessor;

DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA

•	the rural home occupation is carried on by one or more
	residents of the dwelling on the lot and up to one non-resident
	employee;

- the *rural home occupation* does not generate noise, odour, traffic, visual or other impacts that may have an adverse impact on adjacent properties.
- any associated goods, materials and/or equipment are stored within a fully enclosed building and there is no other visible evidence of the business activity other than a small sign; and
- where more than one dwelling exists on an agricultural lot, a *rural home occupation* may only occupy one dwelling or accessory residential structure on that lot.
- Existing or proposed services including, *individual on-site water* services, *individual on-site sewage services* and/or road access are demonstrated to be adequate, or will be made adequate, to serve the proposed development to the satisfaction of the Area Municipality and/or County, as applicable.

The Zoning By-Law will permit *rural home occupations* within the implementing zone category and contain provisions necessary to address the above policy criteria, including restrictions on permitted uses, maximum floor area, open storage, number of employees, and sale of goods and materials, and to ensure other evidence of the business activities, such as parking and signage, is appropriately regulated.

Area Municipalities may choose to establish more restrictive use, size and scale requirements for *rural home occupations* than permitted by the policies of this Plan. Where stricter requirements have been established by the Area Municipality in the Zoning By-Law they shall take precedence over these policies.

3.1.4.3.2 On-Farm Diversified Uses

ON-FARM DIVERSIFIED USES On-farm diversified uses may be permitted on an agricultural lot in accordance with the policies of this sub-section.

These policies are intended to provide reasonable opportunities for *farm owners* to diversify their farming operation and/or supplement their income from farming, by allowing for certain small scale business activities to be established as a secondary use on their farm.

SERVICING

SUBJECT TO ZONING Limitations on the type, size, scale and area of *on-farm diversified uses* are established by the policies of this section primarily to ensure that such uses:

- are clearly secondary to the principal agricultural operation on the lot and limited in area;
- are compatible with, and do not hinder, surrounding agricultural operations;
- protect prime agricultural areas for the long term;
- are appropriate for rural infrastructure and public services; and
- do not undermine, or conflict with, the planned function of *settlements*.

PERMITTED USES On-farm diversified uses shall include the following uses, provided they comply with all the applicable policies of this section:

- A rural home industry;
- A value added agricultural facility serving a number of local area farms;
- A value retaining facility;
- A farm-related tourism use;
- A smaller scale agriculture-related use;, A farm winery; or
- Ground-mounted solar facilities.

USES NOT PERMITTED For greater clarity, the following uses shall not be permitted as an *on-farm diversified use*;

- Retail uses, offices, medical/dental clinics and restaurants, except where explicitly permitted in this subsection;
- Residential uses or accommodation, except for limited, shortterm accommodation including *a farm vacation rental* or bed and breakfast;
- Institutional uses
- Recreational uses and special event facilities,
- Large scale commercial and industrial uses
- Other uses that, in the opinion of the County and/or Area Municipality, may:
 - i) undermine or conflict with the planned function of rural *settlements*;
 - ii) attract large numbers of customers, employees or other people onto the farm;
 - iii) create compatibility or enforcement issues;
 - iv) have high water or wastewater needs and/or generate significant traffic; or not otherwise be consistent with

Provincial policies and guidelines or applicable Official Plan policies and objectives.

WHOLESALING AND/OR RETAILING	Wholesaling or retailing shall not be permitted, except where:
	 i) It is clearly ancillary to a permitted <i>on-farm diversified use</i> and limited to a small proportion of the total gross floor area of the <i>on-farm diversified use</i>; ii) The goods, wares or merchandise offered for sale are produced, processed or fabricated on the farm lot upon which the <i>on-farm diversified use</i> is located; or iii) It is restricted to the sale of farm inputs (e.g. feed, seeds or fertilizer) primarily to farm operations in the area, or to the sale of farm produce grown in the area.
OFFICE AND RESTAURANT USES	• Business offices and/or small restaurants (e.g. café, tea room) may only be permitted, where they are clearly ancillary to a permitted <i>on-farm diversified use</i> .
	Small scale office uses may also be permitted on an agricultural lot in accordance with the requirements for a <i>rural home occupation</i> in Section 3.1.4.3.1
DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA	On-farm diversified uses shall comply with the following criteria:
ZONE CHANGE FOR SPECIFIC USE	The establishment of an <i>on-farm diversified use</i> shall require a site specific amendment to the Area Municipal Zoning By-Law. The site specific zoning amendment shall identify the specific <i>on-farm diversified use</i> to be permitted and contain any provisions necessary to ensure the policy criteria of this section are addressed. Only proposals for a specific <i>on-farm diversified use</i> will be considered by Area Council.
	Area Municipalities may choose to establish more restrictive use, size and scale requirements for <i>on-farm diversified uses</i> than permitted by the policies of this Plan, provided they do not conflict with said policies. Where stricter requirements are established by the Area Municipality in the Zoning By-Law they shall take precedence over these policies.

ROADSIDE PRODUCE STANDS Notwithstanding the above requirements, small roadside farm produce stands, which exclusively sell produce grown on the agricultural lot on which they are located, may be permitted without a site specific zoning amendment or site plan approval so long as the use meets any other requirements of the Area Municipal zoning by-law.

All development proposals for an *on-farm diversified use* shall include a detailed description of the proposed use and be accompanied by a detailed site plan showing the location of all buildings and structures; wells and septic beds; driveways, parking and loading areas; storage and display areas; landscaping and outdoor public areas; and any other information deemed necessary for the proper review of the proposal.

On-farm diversified uses shall generally be subject to site plan control to ensure that the use is appropriately located and restricted in area and that any other site design related matters are addressed. Area Municipalities may also utilize business licensing or other measures to assist in regulating and monitoring such uses to ensure they continue to comply with these policies.

SECONDARY TO THE FARM OPERATION

An *on-farm diversified use* will only be permitted on an agricultural lot that is being actively farmed and must be clearly secondary to the agricultural operation on the lot in terms of size, scale and importance.

In addition to compliance with the use, size and scale related policies of this section, it must be demonstrated that the *farm owner* will reside on the agricultural lot on which the *on-farm diversified use* is to be established

On-farm diversified uses shall generally not be permitted on agricultural lots that are less than 16 ha (40 ac) in area.

property.

LOCATION	• The <i>on-farm diversified use</i> shall be undertaken as part of the agricultural operation and, as such, any buildings, structures or facilities associated with the <i>on-farm diversified use</i> shall be located within and/or integrated with the principal farm building cluster on the lot and use the existing driveway, unless it can be demonstrated that it is clearly not feasible and/or appropriate for the proposed use.
	Where, in the opinion of Area Council, the need for an alternative location is justified, it must be further demonstrated, that the proposed location minimizes disruption to, and loss of, agricultural land and the potential for conflict with existing and/or future agricultural operations in the area, including on the subject

Farm vacation rentals shall only be permitted where the use is located within the farm building cluster, or an existing dwelling, and shall not impact the enjoyment and privacy of neighboring properties.

I IMITATIONS ON The total site area used and/or occupied by an on-farm diversified SITE AREA use and related facilities (e.g. buildings, parking, landscaped areas, berms, outdoor storage, new driveways, individual on-site sewage services) shall:

- be limited to the minimum area required for the proposed i) on-farm diversified use;
- ii) not exceed 2% of the total lot area or 0.8 ha (2.0 ac), whichever is the lessor; and
- avoid locating on productive agricultural land to the greatest iii) extent possible, with the first priority being re-use of agricultural buildings existing as of (DATE OF AMENDMENT).
- The maximum gross floor area of all buildings and/or structures used for the purposes of an on-farm diversified use shall be regulated through the provisions of the Area Municipal Zoning By-Law. However, in no case shall the cumulative gross floor area of all buildings and/or structures, or portions thereof, used or occupied by an on-farm diversified use exceed 557 m² (6,000 ft²), except in accordance with the minor exception policies of this Section.

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LIMITATIONS ON BUILDING SIZE

- More than one *on-farm diversified use* may be permitted on a lot, *DIVERSIFIED USE* however the cumulative gross floor area, site area and number of employees of all such uses on the lot shall not exceed the limitations as set out in this Section.
 - The on-farm diversified use shall directly involve the farm owner living on the same lot as the on-farm diversified use and may also involve any other permanent residents on the lot and up to two employees who do not reside on the lot. A limited number of additional seasonal employees may be permitted for a farm-related *tourism use*.
 - Reasonable exceptions to the maximum gross floor area and/or number of employees may be considered on a site specific basis for a value retaining facility, value-added facility, and/or smaller agriculture-related use, where Area Council is satisfied that such use could not reasonably be located within a rural settlement. A minor exception to the maximum gross floor area cap may also be permitted for the seasonal storage of boats, recreational vehicles and/or automobiles in existing (as of DATE OF THIS AMENDMENT) farm buildings or structures.

Minor exceptions to the total site area restrictions and locational criteria may be considered for temporary areas or facilities associated with short term seasonal activities that are part of a *farm-related tourism use* (e.g. corn maze) or onetime special event (e.g. ploughing match), provided such areas or facilities do not interfere with the primary farming activity (e.g. area used will continue to produce a harvestable crop) or negatively impact the ability of the lands to continue to be used for agriculture (e.g. no site alteration or soil compaction).

- A limited amount of open storage may be permitted, provided that such storage is appropriately screened from public view and residential dwellings on adjacent lots.
- All new buildings and/or structures used or occupied by the *on-farm diversified use* shall be designed and constructed so at to maintain the agricultural character of the property/area and be easily removed without negatively impacting the agricultural capability of the land, or easily converted to *agriculture use* should the *on-farm diversified use* on the lot cease (e.g. be moved to a *settlement* to facilitate the expansion.

OPEN STORAGE

DESIGN OF

BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES • On-farm diversified uses shall be compatible with, and not hinder, surrounding agricultural operations, or other nearby land uses.

The proposed use, scale and location of the *on-farm diversified use* shall be reviewed to ensure that potential compatibility issues with respect to traffic, noise, dust, odour, spraying and other agricultural activities and normal farm practices can be prevented or effectively mitigated. Further, *on-farm diversified uses* shall be appropriately designed, buffered and/or separated from nearby residential and other *sensitive land uses* to prevent, or acceptably mitigate, potential impacts and to minimize risk to public health and safety.

The site specific zoning provisions and, where required, the site plan for the proposed *on-farm diversified use* shall incorporate any restrictions or requirements that may be necessary to achieve these objectives.

The *on-farm diversified use* shall be reviewed to ensure that all applicable provincial and municipal requirements regarding, emissions, noise, odour, nuisance, compatibility, water, and wastewater standards are addressed and that the proposal has received all applicable environmental approvals and addressed any public health and safety requirements.

MINIMUM DISTANCE SEPARATION

- *On-farm diversified uses*, with the exception of a value added agricultural facility and/or value retaining facility, shall be required to meet *Minimum Distance Separation Formula* (*MDS*) *I* requirements. However, site specific exceptions may be considered where:
- i) an existing insufficient *MDS I* setback will not be further reduced and the use is unlikely to create greater compatibility issues; or
- ii) the Area Municipality is satisfied that the level of human occupancy and/or activity associated with the *on-farm diversified use* does not warrant full compliance with *MDS I*.

The application of the *MDS I* setback to *on-farm diversified uses* will be identified through the provisions of the Area Municipal Zoning By-law, with any site specific exceptions identified through the implementing zoning by-law amendment.

SERVICING	Existing or proposed <i>individual on-site water services</i> and/or <i>individual on-site sewage services</i> are demonstrated to be adequate or will be made adequate to serve the proposed <i>on-farm diversified use</i> , and shall be in accordance with the requirements of the County including the applicable policies of Sections 3.2.7.2, Water Quality and Quantity and 5.5, County Servicing Policy.
	On-farm diversified uses that would require individual on-site sewage services that have a design capacity in excess of 10,000 litres per day shall not generally be permitted. Site specific exceptions may be considered for on-farm diversified uses consisting exclusively of value retaining facilities, value added agricultural facilities and/or agriculture-related uses, where the County and Area Municipality are satisfied that:
	 i) such use could not reasonably be located within a fully serviced settlement; ii) it has been demonstrated site conditions are suitable for the long-term provision of such services with no negative impacts to the satisfaction of the County, and, iii) shall be in accordance with the requirements of the County including the applicable policies of Sections 3.2.7.2, Water Quality and Quantity and 5.5, County Servicing Policy.
	On-farm diversified uses must also be appropriate for other rural infrastructure and public services.
TRAFFIC AND ACCESS	The vehicular access for an <i>on-farm diversified use</i> shall not create a traffic hazard due to proximity to bridges, railway crossings, curves or grades or any other potential traffic hazard.
	<i>On-farm diversified uses</i> shall be located on a road capable of accommodating the access and the type and volume of traffic anticipated to be generated, to the satisfaction of the authority with jurisdiction over the road, and shall be in accordance with the applicable policies of Section 5.1 County Transportation Policy.
RESTRICTIONS ON SEVERANCE	The severance of an <i>on-farm diversified use</i> from the agricultural lot upon which it is located shall not be permitted.

RESTRICTIONS ON Development proposals for new or expanding on-farm diversified SCALE AND uses which would exceed the number of employees, gross floor **EXPANSIONS** area or site area restrictions in this subsection will not be permitted, unless they comply with the agriculture-related use policies in Section 3.1.4.6.

> Proposals that cannot comply with the policies of Section 3.1.4.6 shall be directed to locate, or relocate, in a settlement or must comply with the policies for non-agricultural uses in Section 3.1.6.

- In addition to the general requirements for an on-farm diversified • use, a farm winery shall only be permitted where:
 - the farm winery uses crops (i.e. fruit/grains) grown on site to i) produce the majority of the wine/cider/beer/spirits, and all alcoholic commodities produced by the farm winery shall be processed, fermented, and bottled on site;
 - an on-site tasting room and retail floor space shall not ii) exceed the lesser of 75m² or 25 percent of the total winery floor area, provided that it does not conflict with any minimum floor area requirement for licensing approval;
 - all provincial regulations, including licensing requirements of iii) the Alcohol and Gaming Commission of Ontario, are met.
- proposals shall comply with all other applicable policies including: • Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies, Section 3.3 Cultural Resource Policies and Section 3.4 Resource Extraction and for Human and Man Made Hazards.

3.1.4.4 Agricultural-Related Uses

The following objectives apply to development proposals for agriculture-related uses:

- To ensure that *agriculture-related uses* are directly related to farm operations in the area, require a location in close proximity to those farm operations, support agriculture and provide direct products and/or services to farm operations as their primary activity.
- To minimize the amount of agricultural land which is developed for • agriculture-related uses.
- PROTECT To ensure that new *agriculture-related uses* are directed to rural • EMPLOYMENT FUNCTION OF settlements wherever feasible to support the planned employment SETTLEMENTS and/or service function of the settlements in the County.

WINERIES.

BREWERIES. CIDERIES AND

DISTILLERIES

OTHER APPLICABLE POLICIES

OBJECTIVES

RELATED TO FARM

MINIMIZE LOSS OF

AGRICULTURAL LAND

OPERATIONS

• To ensure that *agriculture-related uses* are compatible with and do not hinder surrounding agricultural operations and other nearby land uses.

AGRICULTURE-RELATRED USES Agriculture-related uses, may be permitted in the Agricultural Reserve designation, where the policies of this section can be satisfied. Smaller scale agriculture-related uses may also be permitted as an *on-farm diversified use*, in accordance with the policies of Section 3.1.4.3.2

USES NOT PERMITTED For greater clarity, the following uses shall not be permitted as agriculture-related uses:

- Retail uses, offices and restaurants, except where explicitly permitted by the policies of this subsection;
- Residential uses or accommodation, with the exception of an existing accessory dwelling;
- Institutional uses;
- Recreational uses;
- Banquet halls and special event facilities;
- Mechanics shops, automobile and recreational vehicle dealerships, distilleries, trucking operations; wrecking yards, contractor's yards, landscaper business, well drillers, excavators, building suppliers and other general commercial and/or industrial uses; and
- Other uses that, in the opinion of the County and/or Area Municipality, may:
 - i) undermine or conflict with the planned function of *settlements*;
 - ii) attract large numbers of customers or others to the site;
 - iii) use significant amounts of water, produce significant amounts of effluent and/or generate significant amounts of traffic (e.g. large food processors); or
 - iv) not otherwise be consistent with the Provincial policies or guidelines with respect to such uses.

WHOLESALING AND/OR RETAILING

- Wholesaling or retailing shall not be permitted, except where it is clearly ancillary to the primary *agriculture-related use* and is limited to a small proportion of the total gross floor area and:
 - i) The goods, wares or merchandise offered for sale are produced, processed, or fabricated on the lot as the primary function of the *agriculture-related use* (e.g., cheese, canned produce); or
 - ii) It is restricted to the sale of farm inputs (e.g., feed, seeds or fertilizer) primarily to farm operations in the area, or to the sale of farm produce grown in the area.

Business offices and/or small restaurants (e.g. café, tea room) may only be permitted where they are clearly accessory and ancillary to the primary *agriculture-related use* on the lot.

3.1.4.4.1 Development Criteria for Agriculture-Related Uses

Agriculture-related uses shall comply with the following criteria:

• The establishment of an *agriculture-related use* shall require a sitespecific amendment to the Area Municipal Zoning By-Law. The site-specific zoning amendment shall identify the specific *agriculture-related use* proposed to be permitted and contain any provisions necessary to ensure the policy criteria of this section are addressed. This shall generally include provisions to address the following matters: permitted uses, total floor area for associated buildings and structures, total site area, number of parking spaces, open storage, sale of goods and materials and any other provisions deemed necessary by the Area Municipality to establish appropriate limitations on the type and scale of use.

Only proposals for a specific *agriculture-related use* will be considered by Area Council.

Area Municipalities may choose to establish more restrictive use, size and scale requirements for *agriculture-related uses* than permitted by the policies of this Plan, provided they do not conflict with said policies. Where stricter requirements are established by the Area Municipality in the Zoning By-Law they shall take precedence over these policies.

DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA

OFFICE AND

USES

RESTAURANT

ZONE CHANGE FOR SPECIFIC USE • To ensure that the land area to be used and/or occupied by the proposed *agriculture-related* use is the minimum required to accommodate the use and that the other location, scale and compatibility criteria of this section will be appropriately addressed, all development proposals for an *agriculture-related use* shall be accompanied by a detailed site plan showing the location of all buildings, structures and related facilities; wells and septic beds; driveways; parking and loading areas; storage and display areas; landscaping; lot grading and drainage and any other information deemed necessary for the proper review of the proposal.

Agriculture-related uses shall be subject to site plan control to assist in ensuring compliance with the applicable policies of this section and that all relevant site design related matters are appropriately addressed.

• Agriculture-related uses shall not undermine or conflict with the planned employment and/or service functions of settlements in the County. As such, the proponent will be required to demonstrate that the proposed agriculture-related use is clearly not suitable for and/or cannot reasonably be accommodated within a settlement before a location in the County's prime agricultural area will be considered.

LOCATION

Agriculture-related uses which satisfy the above policy criteria shall be directed to the following locations, in this order of priority:

- i) existing agribusiness, non-farm rural residential, commercial, industrial (except aggregate or quarry industrial) or institutional zoned lot(s);
- ii) existing undersized agricultural lots that are less than 2 ha (5 ac) in area and that contain a dwelling or are zoned to permit a dwelling. Such lots shall not exceed the minimum area required for the proposed *agriculture-related use*, unless any excess land is severed and legally merged with an abutting agricultural lot, under identical ownership; or
- iii) a portion of a larger agricultural lot (> 16ha (39.5 ac)), but only where it has been demonstrated that the proposed agriculture-related use is directly related, to the farm operation on that lot and requires a location in immediate proximity to that farm operation.

Proposals to develop an *agriculture-related use* may be required to demonstrate, to the satisfaction of Area Council, that the higher priority locational option(s) have been considered and are clearly not suitable or feasible for the proposed use before a lower priority option will be considered.

• The total land area used and/or occupied by an *agriculture-related* use shall be limited to the minimum area required for the appropriate operation of the use and associated *individual on-site* water services and/or *individual on-site* sewage services.

USES ON PORTION

OF AGRICULTURAL

PARCEL

- Where an *agriculture-related use* is to be developed on a portion of an agricultural lot, the following additional criteria shall also be satisfied:
 - i) Any new buildings, structures or facilities for the *agriculture-related use* shall be located in close proximity to the dwelling and/or principle farm building complex on the property, unless it can be demonstrated that there are specific health, safety and/or other operational requirements that would preclude such a location.
 - ii) Where the proposed *agriculture-related use* cannot be located in close proximity to the dwelling and/or principal farm building complex on the property, it shall be demonstrated that the proposed location, site layout and configuration, building design and associated services and facilities will:

a)	Minimize disruption to and loss of prime agricultural
	lands and potential compatibility issues with existing and
	future agricultural operations in the vicinity to the extent
	possible;

- b) Will not negatively impact the flexibility or suitability of the parcel to be used exclusively for agriculture in the future, should the *agriculture-related use* cease; and
- c) Will maximize the continued use of the lot for agricultural purposes by locating on lands with existing constraints for agriculture, where they exist, and not create small or irregularly shaped areas for tillage and cropping.
- A limited amount of open storage may be permitted, provided that such storage is appropriately screened from public view and neighboring properties.
- Agriculture-*related uses* shall be compatible with and not hinder surrounding agricultural operations or other nearby land uses.

The proposed use, scale and location of the *agriculture-related* use shall be reviewed to ensure that potential compatibility issues with respect to traffic, noise, dust, odour, spraying and other agricultural activities and normal farm practices can be prevented or effectively mitigated. Further, *agriculture-related* uses shall be appropriately designed, buffered and/or separated from nearby residential and other sensitive land uses to prevent or mitigate potential impacts from noise, odour, dust, vibration, traffic, lighting, visual intrusion, and other potential off-site impacts and minimize risk to public health and safety.

Agriculture-related uses shall be reviewed to ensure that all applicable provincial and municipal requirements regarding, emissions, noise, odour, nuisance, compatibility, water, and wastewater standards are addressed and that the proposal has received all applicable environmental approvals and addressed any public health and safety requirements.

The site-specific zoning provisions and site plan approval for the proposed *agriculture-related use* shall incorporate any restrictions or requirements that may be necessary to implement this policy.

Chapter 3 Natural and Cultural Resource Management Policies Page 3.1-36 3.1 Agricultural Land Resource
MINIMUM DISTANCE SEPARATION FORMULA New agriculture- related uses shall be located in conformity with MDS I. Enlargements to existing agriculture-related uses shall not further reduce an existing insufficient MDS I setback.

Notwithstanding this policy, site specific exceptions to the required *MDS I* setbacks may be considered where the Area Municipality is satisfied that the nature and intensity of the *agriculture-related use* and level of human occupancy and/or activity do not warrant the need for full compliance with *MDS I*.

Any *exceptions* to the application of *MDS I* to an *agriculture-related use* shall be identified in the site-specific zoning by-law provisions.

• Agriculture-related uses which, in the opinion of the County, would use significant amounts of water or produce significant amounts of effluent, shall be directed to settlements serviced by municipal water services and municipal sewage services.

Existing or proposed *individual on-site water services* and/or *individual on-site sewage services* are demonstrated to be adequate or will be made adequate to serve the proposed *agriculture-related use* and shall be in accordance with the applicable policies of Sections 3.2.7.2, Water Quality and Quantity and 5.5, County Servicing Policy.

Agriculture-related uses that would require individual on-site sewage services that have a design capacity in excess of 10,000 liters per day shall not generally be permitted. Site specific exceptions may be considered where the County and Area Municipality are satisfied that:

- i) The only reasonable locational option for the *agriculturerelated use* is in an area not served by *municipal sewage services*
- ii) It has been demonstrated site conditions are suitable for the long-term provision of such services with no *negative impacts* to the satisfaction of the County; and,
- iii) Shall be in accordance with the applicable policies of Sections 3.2.7.2, Water Quality and Quantity and 5.5, County Servicing Policy.
- Agriculture-related uses shall also be appropriate for other rural *infrastructure* and public services.

• The location of agriculture-related uses shall not create a traffic hazard due to proximity to bridges, railway crossings, curves or grades or any other potential traffic hazard. Agriculture-related uses shall be located on a road capable of accommodating the access and the type and volume of traffic anticipated to be generated, to the satisfaction of the authority with jurisdiction over the road, and shall be in accordance with the requirements of the County including the applicable policies of Section 5.1 County Transportation Policy.

• Agriculture-related use proposals shall comply with all other applicable policies including: Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies, Section 3.3 Cultural Resource Policies, Section 3.4 Resource Extraction and Section 3.4.2 Petroleum Resources.

3.1.4.4.2 Creation of New Agriculture-Related Lots

An agriculture-related use developed on a portion of an agricultural lot shall not be severed from the agricultural lot upon which it is located. Notwithstanding this policy, Land Division Committee may consider the granting of consents to allow for the severance of an existing *agriculture-related use* established on a portion of an agricultural lot prior to January 14th, 2009, provided that it has been demonstrated the use was legally established and severance is necessary for the successful continuation of the use.

For agriculture-related uses located, or proposed to be located, on an existing non-agriculturally zoned lot, the Land Division Committee may consider the granting of consents to permit minor expansion of the parcel, or minor re-adjustment of property boundaries, to accommodate the immediate needs of a new or expanding agriculture-related use.

Severances for *agriculture-related uses* shall comply with all the applicable policies under section 3.1.4.4. Any retained agricultural lot resulting from a consent to sever for *agriculture-related use* purposes shall comply with the applicable policies of Section 3.1.4.2.4.

3.1.5 Non-Agricultural Uses in the Agricultural Reserve

OBJECTIVES

The policies in this section apply to non-agricultural uses in the Agricultural Reserve land use designation in the County of Oxford. The following objectives apply to non-agricultural uses.

OTHER APPLICABLE POLICIES ^{NO CONFLICT WITH} *AGRICULTURAL GOAL*The purpose of the policies is to permit new or expanded nonagricultural uses only where such uses do not conflict with the "Goal for Agricultural Policies" as set out in Section 3.1.1. 1.

SECONDARY IMPORTANCE To preserve and protect the *prime agricultural area* for long term viable *agricultural use* and avoid or minimize potential impacts on agricultural operations

DIRECT TO SETTLEMENTS TO direct non-agricultural uses to settlements wherever possible.

For the purposes of this Section, "Non-Agricultural Uses" include commercial, industrial, institutional, and recreational uses, residential uses, as well as *renewable energy facilities* and *alternative energy facilities* and infrastructure. These uses may only be permitted subject to the applicable policies of this plan including 3.1.4.1, 3.1.5 & 3.1.7.

GENERAL INTENT It is the intent of this Plan that within the Agricultural Reserve designation, the use of *prime agricultural land* for agricultural, mineral, petroleum and environmental resources will be given a higher priority in land use decision making than its use for non-agricultural uses.

3.1.5.1 Redevelopment of Non-Agricultural Uses for Agricultural Use

DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA

Existing non-agricultural lots that:

- contain an existing dwelling;
- are located outside of a designated settlement;
- are greater than 1.0 ha (2.47 acres) in area; and
- are zoned for residential, commercial, industrial or institutional use.

may be rezoned to allow *agricultural uses* in accordance with the following policies:

PERMITTED USES

Where such existing parcels are proposed to be used for a primary agricultural use permitted in Section 3.1.4.1, the *development* of farm buildings or structures or the keeping of livestock or poultry may be permitted if they satisfy the following criteria:

SERVICING Existing or proposed *individual on-site water supply* and *individual on-site sewage services* are demonstrated to be adequate or will be made adequate to serve the proposed agricultural use and any accessory residential use to the satisfaction of the County, and shall be in accordance with the requirements of the County including the applicable policies of Sections 3.2.7.2, Water Quality and Quantity and 5.5, County Servicing Policy.

NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT AND MINIMUM DISTANCE SEPARATION FORMULA II Proposals to create new livestock or poultry farms will be evaluated to determine their compatibility with neighboring land uses. Proposals involving the construction of new farm buildings or structures shall comply with the policies of Section 3.1.4.2.1

The type of agricultural use proposed is compatible with the type of *agricultural uses* in the area and the agricultural lot size and configuration are suitable for the type of agricultural use proposed.

OTHER APPLICABLE POLICIES

POLICY INTENT

CONVERTED

DWELLINGS AND GARDEN SUITES

SUITABILITY

Proposals shall also comply with all other applicable policies of this Plan, including: Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies, Section 3.3, Cultural Resource Policies and Section 10, Implementation Measures

3.1.5.2 Rural Residential Uses

Non-farm rural residential *development* is considered to be incompatible with agriculture as it can create conflicts with farming activities and remove land from agriculture use. As such, this Plan will limit residential development to where it is the result of a farm consolidation in accordance within the requirements of this section. In keeping with the Goal for the Agricultural Policies, existing non-farm rural residential uses will be encouraged to re-develop for *agricultural uses* and *agriculture-related uses*, subject to the policies of this Section.

A converted dwelling or *garden suite* may be permitted on an existing rural residential lot, in accordance with the applicable policies in Section 4.2.2.1 and 10.3.9 respectively.

3.1.5.2.1 Secondary Uses on Rural Residential Lots

POLICY INTENT Secondary uses may be permitted on existing rural residentially zoned lots where they are small scale business uses that are secondary to the residential use.

Such uses are intended to complement the planned employment and service function of designated rural *settlements*, by providing

additional live-work opportunities for non-farmers in *rural areas*. However, such uses are not to detract from the residential character of the lot upon which they are located and shall be compatible with surrounding land uses.

PERMITTED USES The following uses may be permitted on an existing residentially zoned lot located outside of a settlement:

- *rural home occupations* in accordance with the requirements of Section 3.1.4.3.1
- rural entrepreneurial uses

RURAL ENTREPRENURIAL USE The specific uses that may be permitted as a *rural entrepreneurial use* in each Area Municipality shall be set out in the Area Municipal Zoning By-law.

For greater clarity, the following uses shall not be permitted as a *rural entrepreneurial use*;

- retail uses, offices, medical/dental clinics and restaurants, except where explicitly permitted in this subsection;
- institutional uses;
- restaurants;
- residential uses or accommodation; and
- other uses that, in the opinion of the County and/or Area Municipality, may:
 - i. attract large numbers of customers or other people;
 - ii. generate significant traffic or not otherwise be appropriate for rural infrastructure or public services;
 - iii. create compatibility or enforcement issues;
 - iv. undermine or conflict with the planned function of rural settlements, except where explicitly permitted by the policies of this subsection; or
 - v. not otherwise be consistent with the applicable policies and objectives of this Plan.

WHOLESALING, RETAILING AND/OR OFFICE AND SALES USES

USES NOT

PERMITTED

• Wholesaling, retail uses, offices shall only be permitted where such uses are accessory and ancillary to a permitted *rural entrepreneurial use*.

Any goods, wares and/or merchandise offered for sale shall be contained within a fully enclosed building, with the exception of a small outdoor display area for goods, wares or merchandise produced, processed or fabricated on the lot. DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA

ZONE CHANGE

FOR SPECIFIC USE

Rural entrepreneurial uses may be permitted subject to the following policies:

- The establishment of a *rural entrepreneurial use* shall require a site-specific amendment to the Area Municipal Zoning By-Law. The site-specific zoning amendment shall identify the specific *rural entrepreneurial use* proposed to be permitted and contain any provisions necessary to ensure the policy criteria of this section are addressed, including but not necessarily limited to:
 - i) the specific *rural entrepreneurial use* permitted and its location on the lot;
 - ii) restrictions on sale of goods or materials, maximum floor area and number of employees;
 - iii) parking and loading requirements; and
 - iv) appropriate restrictions on signage, outdoor storage and/or display and other evidence of the business activity.

Only proposals for a specific *rural entrepreneurial use* will be considered by Area Council.

Area Municipalities may choose to establish more restrictive use, size and scale requirements for a *rural entrepreneurial use* than permitted by the policies of this Plan, provided they do not conflict with said policies. Where stricter requirements are established by the Area Municipality in the Zoning By-Law they shall take precedence over these policies.

To ensure compliance with the above noted policies, all applications for a *rural entrepreneurial use* shall be accompanied by a detailed description of the proposed use and a detailed site plan showing: all buildings and structures; wells and septic systems; driveways, parking and loading areas; outdoor display areas; landscaping and buffering; and any other information deemed to be necessary for the proper review of the proposal by the Area Municipality.

Rural entrepreneurial uses shall be subject to site plan control to ensure that compatibility and site design related matters are appropriately addressed. Area Municipalities may also require other measures, such as business licensing, to assist in regulating and monitoring such uses to ensure they continue to comply with these policies.

SITE PLAN APPROVAL LIMITATIONS ON SITE AREA, the residential character of the property. CHARACTER residential use. COMPATIBILITY agricultural operations. LOT SIZE The lot shall be of sufficient size to accommodate the required individual on-site water services and/or individual on-site sewage services, parking and on-site loading requirements and vehicular movements and to ensure that any buildings, structures or facilities associated with the rural entrepreneurial use can be appropriately sited on the lot to ensure compliance with these compatibility policies. OPEN STORAGE The storage of goods, materials and/or equipment shall only be permitted within a fully enclosed building, unless otherwise stated in the Area Municipal Zoning by-law.

EMPLOYEES One or more of the occupants of the dwelling on the lot must be directly involved in the operation of the *rural entrepreneurial use*. The rural entrepreneurial use may involve up to two additional employees who do not reside on the lot.

BUILDING SIZE AND

A rural entrepreneurial use shall be small scale and not detract from

The maximum gross floor area of all buildings and/or structures permitted to be used for the purposes of a rural entrepreneurial use shall be regulated through the Area Municipal Zoning By-Law. However, the cumulative gross floor area of all buildings and structures, or portions thereof, used or occupied by a rural entrepreneurial use shall not exceed 280 m2 (3,014 ft2) or 10% building coverage of the total lot area, whichever is less.

All new buildings and/or structures used or occupied by a rural entrepreneurial use shall be designed and constructed so as to maintain or complement the residential character of the property and be sited on the lot so as to be visually secondary to the

The rural entrepreneurial use and any associated structures and AND SITE LAYOUT facilities shall be sufficiently separated from nearby residential uses and other sensitive land uses and appropriately designed and/or buffered to prevent or acceptably mitigate impacts on neighbouring properties from noise, odour, dust, vibration, traffic, lighting, visual intrusion and other potential off-site impacts and to minimize risk to public health and safety and meet all applicable provincial and municipal requirements and approvals. Rural entrepreneurial uses shall also be compatible with and not hinder surrounding

SERVICING	•	Rural entrepreneurial uses that would require individual on-site
		sewage services that have a design capacity in excess of 10,000
		litres per day shall not be permitted.

- Existing or proposed *individual on-site water services* and/or *individual on-site sewage services* are demonstrated to be adequate or will be made adequate to serve the proposed *rural entrepreneurial use* as well as the primary residential use on the lot, and shall be in accordance with the applicable policies of Sections 3.2.7.2, Water Quality and Quantity and 5.5, County Servicing Policy.
- The vehicular access for a *rural entrepreneurial use* shall not create a traffic hazard due to proximity to bridges, railway crossings, curves or grades or any other potential traffic hazard.

Rural entrepreneurial uses shall be in accordance with the requirements of the County including the applicable policies of Section 5.1 County Transportation Policy.

New vehicle access to any County road shall not be permitted, unless an existing access is to be decommissioned to the satisfaction of the authority with jurisdiction over the road.

- The severance of a *rural entrepreneurial use* from the residential lot upon which it is located is prohibited.
- New or expanding *rural entrepreneurial uses* that would exceed the size, scale or use limitations in this section shall not be permitted. Such uses shall be directed to locate or relocate in a *settlement* or must comply with the policies for non-agricultural uses in Section 3.1.6.2
- Proposals shall comply with all other applicable policies of this Plan, including: Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies, Section 3.3, Cultural Resource Policies and Section 3.4.2 Petroleum Resources.

Chapter 3 Natural and Cultural Resource Management Policies Page 3.1-44 3.1 Agricultural Land Resource

RESTRICTIONS ON EXPANSION

RESTRICTIONS ON

SEVERANCE

OTHER APPLICABLE POLICIES

3.1.5.3 Creation of Rural Residential Lots

NON-FARM RURAL RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

The policies of this subsection shall apply to the evaluation of non-farm rural residential *development* proposals in the following land use designations and overlays: Agricultural Reserve, Environmental Protection Area, Open Space, Future Urban Growth and Quarry Area.

Non-farm rural residential *development* shall be considered to include both the severed and retained lots in the case of consent and lands subject to rezoning for residential purposes in the case of zoning amendment applications. The enlarged agricultural lot that would result from proposed non-farm *residential* development through farm consolidation shall comply with the applicable policies of Section 3.1.4.2.

Notwithstanding the policies of Section 1.5, Interpretation, for the purposes of the application of the policies in Section 3.1.5.3, the numerical references and measurements are intended to be absolute.

DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA Non-farm rural residential *development* outside of a *settlement* shall be prohibited, except in accordance with the following:

- The proposed non-farm rural residential *development* shall consist of one of the following:
 - a proposal to rezone an existing industrial (with the exception of aggregate or limestone industrial), commercial, or institutionally zoned lot to a residential use, provided such lot does not exceed 1 ha (2.5 ac) in area. Where such lot is larger than 1.0 hectare (2.5 acre) in area, consideration shall be given to rezoning for agricultural use in accordance with the policies of Section 3.1.5.1, or
 - ii) a proposal to create a lot for a *residence surplus to a farming operation* as a result of farm consolidation, provided that:
 - a) the proposal is to retain an existing permanent, habitable dwelling that was constructed prior to December 13, 1995, where such dwelling is contained on an agricultural lot which is to be legally consolidated with an abutting agricultural lot, to form one larger agricultural lot under identical ownership, or
 - b) the proposal is to retain an existing permanent, habitable dwelling where the *farm owner* owns multiple agricultural lots which may or may not abut, and providing:
 - The lot containing the surplus dwelling proposed to be severed contains a minimum of 2 existing dwellings and all such dwellings were constructed prior to December 13[,] 1995; and,
 - The resulting agricultural lot is owned by the *farm owner*, and,
 - The resulting agricultural lot shall be rezoned to prohibit the future construction of a new residential dwelling of any type. In addition, an agreement for such prohibition of any new permanent residential dwellings shall also be registered on the property title of the remnant farm property. The Zoning By-law amendment and the agreement as noted above shall be implemented through conditions imposed by the County's Land Division Committee at the time that provisional consent approval is given to a consent application to sever a lot for a surplus farm dwelling.

ONLY DWELLING	• The proposal shall not result in the severance of the only dwelling
	accessory to an agricultural use.

Where a farm consolidation involves the merger of abutting lots as one larger lot under identical ownership, proposals to retain an existing dwelling through a farm consolidation, in accordance with the policies of this subsection, shall not result in the creation of an agricultural lot that does not contain a dwelling, except in the case where one of the agricultural lots to be consolidated is vacant, but the existing zoning would permit the construction of an accessory dwelling on that lot.

• The lands subject to the application must be zoned for *agricultural use*.

• The proposed rural residential lot shall not be located within the Quarry Area designation, or an area identified as a Limestone Resource or Sand and Gravel Resource Area on Appendix 2-1

- The proposed residential lot shall not be located within a Future Urban Growth Area designation as identified on Schedule C-3, and referred to in Chapter 4.0, Growth Management Policies.
 - New or expanded non-farm rural residential lots shall be as small as is practical in order to preserve the County's agricultural land base. Severance proposals to create new or expanded lots for non-farm rural residential development will generally not exceed 0.8 hectares (2 acres). Proposals seeking to create parcels larger than this area limit will only be permitted where it can be demonstrated that the additional area is required to accommodate *individual on-site water services* and/or *individual on-site sewage services*, has topographic limitations for *agricultural use*, or is physically separated from the remainder of the farm by significant *natural heritage features and areas* and/or watercourses. In no case shall a new or expanded non-farm rural residential lot exceed 1 hectare (2.5 acres) in area.

SERVICING

IN QUARRY OR

LIMESTONE/SAND AND GRAVEL

RESOURCE AREA

MAXIMUM LOT SIZE

• Existing or proposed *individual on-site water services* and/or *individual on-site sewage services* are demonstrated to be adequate or will be made adequate to serve the proposed non-farm rural residential use, and shall be in accordance with the applicable policies of Sections 3.2.7.2, Water Quality and Quantity and 5.5, County Servicing Policy.

MINIMUM A Proposal for non-farm rural residential development shall satisfy DISTANCE SEPARATION the requirements of MDS I or not further reduce an existing FORMULA insufficient setback. Notwithstanding the above policy, in the case of a farm consolidation, a lot proposed to contain an existing surplus farm dwelling shall only be required to comply with the requirements of MDS I from a livestock and/or manure storage facility located on the severed lot. ACCESS AND The proposed rural residential development shall have direct TRAFFIC SAFETY frontage on a permanent public road maintained year-round at a reasonable standard of construction. The authority having jurisdiction over the road from which vehicular access is to be obtained shall be satisfied that there are no traffic safety concerns. New vehicle access to any County road shall not be permitted, unless an existing access is to be decommissioned to the satisfaction of the authority with jurisdiction over the road, and shall be in accordance with the requirements of the County including the applicable policies of Section 5.1 County Transportation Policy. HERITAGE To recognize and preserve heritage buildings in the agricultural areas of the County in accordance with the policies in Section 3.3.2 of this Plan. Proposals involving the creation or rezoning of a lot for non-farm residential purposes in accordance with the policies of this subsection will be encouraged where: i) such lot contains a residential buildings or other built heritage resources that have been designated pursuant to the Ontario Heritage Act; and, the proposed severance or rezoning will allow the County ii) and/or Area Municipality to implement requirements or measures to ensure that such designated built heritage resources will be conserved. AGRICULTURAL Any enlarged agricultural lot that would result from a proposal for SERVERANCE POLICIES non-farm rural residential development through farm consolidation shall comply with the applicable polices of Section 3.1.4.2

- The proposed non-farm rural residential lot shall not contain any barns or other farm structures unless they are suitable to be used as accessory structures to a residential use. Further, where a barn or other farm structure exists within the immediate vicinity of a non-farm rural residential lot to be created through a farm consolidation, the Land Division Committee shall generally require the demolition or formal conversion of such structure to ensure it cannot be used for the housing of livestock or poultry or storage/handling of manure in the future.
 - Proposals for non-farm rural residential *development* shall also comply with all other policies of this Plan, including: Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies, Section 3.3, Cultural Resource Policies and Section 3.4.2 Petroleum Resources.
- The County Land Division Committee or Area Councils may impose conditions of approval or may restrict land uses pertaining to a non-farm rural residential *development* proposal in accordance with the policies of this Plan to ensure that all necessary works or facilities required to achieve conformity are incorporated into the *development*.

3.1.5.4 Renewable Energy Facilities

RENEWABLE ENERGY FACILITIES Renewable energy facilities and alternative energy facilities shall be permitted within the Agricultural Reserve to support long term energy supply to accommodate current and projected needs.

DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA Renewable energy facilities and alternative energy facilities are generally considered to be non-agricultural uses, except for:

- Class 1 anaerobic digesters shall be permitted as an *agricultural use*, subject to the requirements of Section 3.1.4.2.1. A Class 1 facility is in accordance with the Renewable Energy Approvals Regulation (359/09) under the Environmental Protection Act or any successor thereof.
- Ground mounted solar facilities shall only be permitted as an *on-farm diversified use*, and must meet all applicable requirements of Section 3.1.4.3.2
- Roof and wall mounted solar facilities may only be permitted on existing buildings and structures, subject to any zoning requirements from the Area Municipality.

All other renewable energy facilities and alternative energy facilities shall:

• Be subject to a rezoning and site plan control.

The Area Municipality may impose limits on the scale, height and location of any proposed *renewable energy facility* through the Area Municipal zoning by-law.

- Prepare an Agricultural Impact Assessment in accordance with section 3.1.6.3 to demonstrate that the proposed *development*.
 - i. is clearly secondary to the principal agricultural operation on the lot and limited in area;
 - ii. is compatible with, and does not hinder, surrounding agricultural operations or other sensitive adjacent land uses;
 - iii. is located on lower priority agricultural lands and/or within close proximity to the farm building cluster;
- iv. is appropriate for rural *infrastructure* and public services; and does not undermine, or conflict with, the planned function of *settlements*; and,
- v. any potential impacts are identified and mitigated

All renewable energy facility and alternative energy facilities shall also comply with all other applicable policies including: Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies, and Section 3.3 Cultural Resource Policies.

3.1.5.5 Infrastructure and Public Works Yards

INFRASTRUCTURE Infrastructure, including public works yards, will be permitted in the Agricultural Reserve.

Infrastructure will make efforts to avoid, minimize and mitigate impacts in the *prime agricultural area*. Including the *prime agricultural lands* and *agricultural uses* in the area, to the extent feasible, and shall be in accordance with the requirements of Section 5.2 Public Services, Utilities, and Infrastructure.

3.1.5.6 Existing Non-Agricultural Uses

NEW USES

In order to maintain the agricultural land resource for *agricultural use* and to ensure that new non-agricultural uses not specifically addressed in Section 3.1.5, including commercial, industrial, institutional and recreational uses, develop on an appropriate level of services and are directed to settlements to support their planned service and/or employment functions, new non-agricultural uses will not be permitted within the Agricultural Reserve designation, except in accordance with the policies of Section 3.1.7.

EXISTING USES

COMMERICAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL USES Existing Non-Agricultural Uses include:

 Non-agricultural commercial, industrial, or institutional uses located in the County's *prime agricultural area* that are recognized by existing zoning as of DATE OF APPROVAL OF THIS AMENDMENT will be considered as permitted uses. Area Councils may permit minor expansion or minor change in use and the Land Division Committee may consider the granting of consents for these existing uses to permit the minor expansion of the use or readjustment of property boundaries subject to the policies of Section 3.1.5.6.1

RECREATIONAL USES	• Recreational uses located in the County's <i>prime agricultural area</i> that are recognized by existing zoning as of January 14, 2009, will be considered as exsisting uses. However, where an existing recreational use has ceased operation and the site is suitable for restoration to <i>agricultural use</i> , Area Council shall consider rezoning the site back to agriculture as part of their next comprehensive Zoning By-Law update.
	Minor changes in use to existing campgrounds or seasonal trailer parks may be considered in accordance with the existing use policies of this subsection. However, changes to allow for year- round occupancy or permanent residential uses will not be permitted.
	With the exception of campgrounds and/or seasonal trailer parks, Area Councils may permit minor expansion or minor change in use and the Land Division Committee may consider the granting of consents to permit the minor expansion of the use or the minor adjustment of property boundaries (excluding lot creation) without amendment to this Plan, subject to the policies of Section 3.1.5.6.1
	3.1.5.7.1 Development criteria for minor expansion or minor change of an existing use
DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA	All applications for minor expansion or minor change of an existing use shall satisfy the following criteria:
NEED FOR EXPANSION	• The applicant has demonstrated that any proposed lot addition is required for the continued operation of the use and is limited to the minimum area required to accommodate the immediate needs of the use and required <i>individual on-site water services</i> and <i>individual on-site sewage services</i> . The proposed expansion area shall be located and configured so as to avoid, or mitigate to the extent feasible, impacts on surrounding agricultural lands and/or operations.
SERVICING	• Existing or proposed <i>individual on-site water services</i> and/or <i>individual on-site sewage services</i> are demonstrated to be adequate or will be made adequate to serve the proposed development and shall be in accordance with the applicable policies of Sections 3.2.7.2, Water Quality and Quantity and 5.5, County Servicing Policy.

- Existing or proposed services including stormwater management and road access are demonstrated to be adequate or will be made adequate to serve the proposed *development* to the satisfaction of the Area Municipality and/or County as applicable and shall be in accordance with the requirements of the County including the applicable policies of Sections 3.2.7.2 Water Quality and Quantity and Section 5.1 County Transportation Policy.
 - The proposed development shall be appropriately designed, buffered and/or separated from nearby residential and other *sensitive land uses* to prevent or mitigate adverse impacts from noise, odour, dust, vibration, traffic, lighting, visual intrusion and other potential off-site impacts and minimize risk to public health and safety.

Further, impacts from any proposed change in use or expansion on surrounding agricultural operations and lands shall be avoided, or mitigated to the extent feasible. Any proposed change in use shall be similar to, or more compatible with surrounding agricultural operations, than the existing use. Any proposed change in use or expansion shall comply with *MDS I*, or not further reduce an existing insufficient *MDS I* setback or increase the potential for odour complaints.

The site-specific zoning provisions and site plan approval required for the proposed expansion or change in use shall incorporate any restrictions or requirements that may be necessary to implement this policy.

• Proposals shall be accompanied by a detailed site plan showing the location of buildings and structures; septic beds; areas for parking, storage and landscaping; lot grading and drainage, points of access; and any other information deemed to be relevant to review of the proposal.

Proposals shall be subject to site plan approval to address site design and land use compatibility related considerations.

• Proposals shall comply with all other applicable policies of this Plan, including: Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies and Section 3.3, Cultural Resource Policies.

SITE PLAN

OTHER

APPLICABLE POLICIES

3.1.6 Consents for Legal or Technical Reasons

CONSENTS FOR LEGAL OR TECHNICAL REASONS

Consents for severance involving *agricultural uses* and nonagricultural uses including rural residential lands may be considered for the following legal or technical reasons:

- to create or alter any private easement or right-of-way;
- to correct or confirm valid title for an agricultural lot which is held in distinct and separate ownership;
- to make minor adjustments to the boundaries between abutting lots to conform to existing patterns of exclusive use and occupancy or to rectify problems created by the encroachment of buildings, structures, private water supply or private sewage disposal facilities on abutting lots; or
- to permit the severance of non-farm rural residential zoned lands, where they will be legally consolidated with an abutting agricultural lot to form one lot under identical ownership and rezoned for agricultural purposes.
- NO NEW LOT Consents granted for the above purposes shall not result in the creation of a new lot. Notwithstanding this restriction, a consent to allow for the re-establishment of a previously existing rural residential lot may be considered, provided that said lot was previously held in distinct and separate ownership but has since legally merged with an adjacent parcel and remains residentially zoned in the Area Municipal Zoning By-Law.

Proposals which have the effect of adding agricultural land to an existing residentially zoned lot will satisfy the policies relating to maximum lot size in Section 3.1.5.3

<u>3.1.7 Official Plan Amendments for Non-Agricultural Uses and</u> <u>Settlement Area Expansions</u>

OFFICIAL PLAN AMENDMENTS Proposals to establish new non-agricultural uses in the prime agricultural areas or expansion of a settlement will only be considered through an Official Plan Amendment in accordance with the following requirements. Such proposals shall prepare and submit planning and technical studies addressing these requirements.

3.1.7.1 Settlement Area Expansions

EXPANSION OF SETTLEMENTS New or Settlement area expansions shall only be considered through a comprehensive review.

New or *settlement area* expansion proposals shall be consistent with the policies of Chapter 4, Growth Management Policies including the requirement to undertake secondary planning and servicing strategies in accordance with 4.2.2.4.1 and 4.2.2.6.1

REQUIREMENTS *JUSTIFICATION ANALYSIS*Compelling evidence is required in order to determine whether a proposed *settlement area* expansion is justified in accordance with the applicable policies of the Provincial Policy Statement and this Plan, including demonstration of how impacts on agriculture have been considered and addressed. As such, the following will be addressed as part of this process:

• As part of the *comprehensive review* for a *settlement* expansion the preparation of an Agricultural Impact Assessment shall be required and as detailed in Section 3.1.6.3.

• The proposal shall comply all of the other policies found within this Plan, including: Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies, Section 3.3 Cultural Heritage Policies and Section 3.4, Resource Extraction Policies

3.1.7.2 Non-Agricultural Uses

PROHIBITED USES

AGRICULTURAL

IMPACT ASSESSMENT

OTHER

APPLICABLE POLICIES

> New or expanded campgrounds or seasonal trailer parks are prohibited. However, Existing campgrounds and/or seasonal trailer parks may be recognized as permitted uses in the municipal zoning by-laws.

For new non-agricultural uses, the proposal shall state the specific use and contain a detailed site plan showing the location of buildings and structures, *individual on-site water and/or sewage services*, areas for parking, storage and landscaping, lot grading and drainage, road access and any other information deemed to be relevant to the proposal.

REQUIREMENTS JUSTIFICATION ANALYSIS Compelling evidence shall be provided to demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the County and Area Municipality, that the proposed non-agricultural use cannot be located within a settlement and that the following considerations have been addressed:

- there is a demonstrated need within the planning period for additional land to be removed from agricultural production and redesignated, given the nature and capacity of undeveloped land use designations within nearby *settlements* or within other land use designations;
- the nature of the proposal and whether the use requires special locational requirements or physical features that are only available in prime agricultural areas;
- the amount of land proposed for the new *development* is the minimum required for the immediate needs of the proposed use;
- SERVICING
- The level of servicing planned or available for the proposed *development* is consistent with the servicing hierarchy established in Section 5.5.3 of this Plan for *municipal waste water services and/or municipal water supply facilities*. *Infrastructure* and *public services* which are planned or available are suitable for the proposed *development* over the long term and protect public health and safety.

COMPATIBILITY The proposed use shall be compatible with and not hinder surrounding agricultural operations or other nearby land uses.

> The proposed use, scale and location shall be reviewed to ensure that potential compatibility issues with respect to traffic, noise, dust, odour, spraying and other agricultural activities and normal farm practices can be prevented or effectively mitigated. Further, the proposed shall be appropriately designed, buffered and/or separated from nearby residential and other sensitive land uses to prevent or mitigate potential impacts from noise, odour, dust, vibration, traffic, lighting, visual intrusion, and other potential off-site impacts and minimize risk to public health and safety.

> All applicable provincial and municipal requirements regarding, emissions, noise, odour, nuisance, compatibility, water, public health and safety and wastewater standards shall be addressed,

> The site-specific zoning provisions and site plan approval for the proposed use shall incorporate any restrictions or requirements

The proposed new use shall not create traffic hazards and the road ACCESS infrastructure shall be capable of accommodating the new use or expansion, in accordance with the requirements of the authority with jurisdiction over the road(s), and shall be in accordance with the requirements of the County including the applicable policies of Section 5.1 County Transportation Policy.

> The proposal will not conflict with the policies of Section 3.4, Resource Extraction Policies.

> As part of the application for a new non-agricultural use, the preparation of an Agricultural Impact Assessment shall be required and as detailed in Section 3.1.6.3.

- The proposal shall comply with all of the other policies found within this Plan, including: Section 3.2, Environmental Resource Policies, Section 3.3 Cultural Heritage Policies and Section 3.4, Resource Extraction
- including receipt of all applicable environmental approvals. that may be necessary to implement this policy. TRAFFIC AND MINERAL AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES AGRICULTURAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT OTHER APPI ICABI F POLICIES

3.1.6.3 Agricultural Impact Assessment

AGRICULTURAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

An Agricultural Impact Assessment is a study which:

- characterizes agricultural uses and the prime agricultural area;
- evaluates the potential impacts of non-agricultural development, including settlement area expansions, on surrounding *prime* agricultural areas and associated agricultural uses;
- identifies opportunities for the proposed *development* to avoid, minimize and mitigate impacts;
- may also provide for site rehabilitation or restoration for an *agricultural use* or to an *agricultural condition* where applicable, and;
- is prepared by a qualified individual, familiar with agricultural land use planning, soil science or agricultural engineering and has demonstrated experience in characterizing, evaluating and assessing agricultural impacts, relative to the application and location, being proposed.
- SCOPE OF STUDY The scope of the Agricultural Impact Assessment (AIA) will be based on the proposed *settlement* expansion or non-*agricultural use*. A terms of reference may be required by the County, to confirm the scope and level of detail required for the AIA.

At minimum the AIA shall characterize the surrounding *prime agricultural area* including existing *agricultural uses* and evaluate the potential impacts of the proposed *development* on *agricultural uses* and the *prime agricultural area*, and shall demonstrate that:

- the lands do not comprise specialty crop areas;
- there are no reasonable alternatives which avoid prime agricultural areas;
- there are no reasonable alternatives on lands with lesser agricultural capability or on lands left less suitable for agriculture by existing or past *development*;
- *MDS I* is satisfied;
- Impacts from the new use or *settlement* expansion or nonagricultural uses on nearby agricultural operations and lands are avoided or mitigated to the extent feasible.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

THIRD PARTY REVIEW

- The proposal is acceptable regarding the ability to achieve the Goal for Agricultural Policies as set out in Section 3.1.1, the precedent to be established for other sites within the County and the ability to implement planned land uses in the vicinity.
- Further, the County and/or Area Municipality may, depending on the scope and complexity of the application, require third party review of any information, materials or documentation required by the County and/or Area Municipality. The applicant will be responsible for the costs of the third party review as well as for the costs associated with any additional review resulting from revisions to any original materials that may be required as a result of the third party review.

3.1.8 Special Agricultural Policies

The following site specific policies apply in addition to the relevant policies of Section 3.1. These policies provide more specific direction for the *development* of each site.

3.1.8.1 Part Lot 28, Conc. 10 (East Nissouri) Township of Zorra

A 2 ha (5 ac.) parcel of land, forming part of Lot 28, Concession 10 (East Nissouri) in the Township of Zorra, located on the west side of County Road 119 between Road 92 and Road 96 be exempt from the *Minimum Distance Separation Formula I* requirements of Section 3.1.4.6 of the County Official Plan for the purpose of establishing a farm implement dealership on the subject property.

3.1.8.2 Part Lots 25 & 26, Conc. 2, (West Oxford) Township Of South-West Oxford

A 24.3 hectare (60 acre) parcel of land lying in part of Lots 25 and 26, Concession 2 (West Oxford) which is located south of Robinson Road, west of Wallace Line and north of Wilson Line in the Township of South-West Oxford may be used for a truck transport terminal.

Servicing

It is intended that *development* on the property shall take place on full municipal services (municipal centralized water supply and waste water treatment systems).

Performance Standards

The following performance standards shall govern the *development* of the subject property:

- the access points to the subject property shall be designed in a manner which will minimize the danger to vehicular traffic;
- development of the subject lands shall be subject to site plan control in accordance with the provisions of the Planning Act and shall deal with such matters, but not be restricted to, lighting, landscaping and fencing, disposal of storm water and location and surfacing of parking facilities. A storm water management plan shall be prepared by the proponent and be acceptable to the Upper Thames River Conservation Authority, the Ministry of Transportation and the Township of South-West Oxford;

Amendment No. 20

- a wellhead protection plan for Well No. 11 of the Ingersoll Public Utility Commission outlining protection measures, construction techniques and on-going monitoring shall be prepared by the proponent and be acceptable to the County of Oxford and the Ingersoll Public Utility Commission;
- a waste water collection and treatment system employed by the truck washing facility shall be prepared by the proponent and be acceptable to the County of Oxford.
- 3.1.8.3 Lot 11 And Part Lot 10, Conc. 11 (Blenheim) Township Of Blandford-Blenheim

A parcel of land consisting of Lot 11 and the northwest quadrant of Lot 10, Concession 11 (Blenheim), Township of Blandford-Blenheim, may be used for the following specific uses to accommodate the use of the lands by a religious order, or orders, that function as a single entity on said property. It is intended that the non-agricultural uses as well as the residential uses shall be located within the existing developed area of the *farm unit* which comprises approximately 5.6 hectares (13.8 acres) which fronts on Concession Road No. 12 and is located in the north half of Lot 11, Concession 11 (Blenheim). The *farm unit* shall generally be operated as a single entity by a religious order, or orders that reside on the lands. It is also intended that the policies of Section 3.2.8, shall apply, where applicable.

AMENDMENT No. 170

Amendment No. 7

Land Use

A maximum of 20 dwelling units will be permitted. New dwelling units will be located in the existing developed area of the *farm unit* and will be of the modular home type. The modular dwellings shall be removed from the site at such time as the *farm unit* ceases to be operated as a single entity by a religious order, or orders.

In addition to those agricultural uses permitted on the subject property, additional farm related commercial and industrial services, school, nursery school, limited manufacturing and a business office, as specified in the site specific zoning by-law may be allowed. Manufacturing shall be limited to those uses permitted through the implementing Zoning By-Law and shall be of a dry industrial nature, characterized by minimal water requirements for their processing, cooling or equipment washing and which do not discharge large quantities of waste water.

AMENDMENT No. 170

<u>Servicing</u>

AMENDMENT No. 170 Notwithstanding the policies of Section 5.5.3 to the contrary, *development* on the property shall take place on a private well and a private *communal waste water treatment* plant as approved by the County of Oxford and the Ministry of the Environment. The owner will enter into an appropriate agreement with the Township of Blandford-Blenheim which shall address the operation and maintenance of the private *communal waste water treatment* plant and the decommissioning and/or removal of the plant in the event that the religious order vacates the subject property.

Performance Standards

AMENDMENT No. 170 The following performance standards shall govern the *development* of this special agricultural area:

• the residential dwellings and non-agricultural related uses along with agricultural related uses will be considered to be part of the *farm unit* and consent to sever such uses from the *farm unit* will not be permitted;

 adequate off-street vehicle parking areas shall be provided which will permit the parking of vehicles clear of any road allowance and permit adequate manoeuvring of vehicles within such parking areas;

 the access points to such parking areas shall be designed in a manner which will minimize the danger to vehicle and pedestrian traffic;

• open storage areas shall be effectively screened from adjacent land uses and from Concession Road 12;

• the residential dwellings and non-agricultural related uses shall be clearly secondary to the existing farm operation and shall not change the agricultural character of the *farm unit* nor create a public nuisance in particular regard to noise, traffic and/or parking;

• the residential uses and non-agricultural related uses shall be subject to a site plan control by-law pursuant to Section 41 of the Planning Act, R.S.O. 1990, as amended, requiring the entering into of an agreement between the Township and the owner ;

AMENDMENT No. 170

AMENDMENT No. 170

AMENDMENT No. 170

AMENDMENT No. 170

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AMENDMENT No. 170

Amendment No. 170	 the residential dwellings and non-agricultural related uses shall be limited to the existing developed area along Concession Road No. 12 to an area of approximately 5.6 hectares (13.8 acres);
Amendment No. 170	 new residential dwellings shall be of a modular type which will be removed at such time as the farm unit ceases to be operated as a single entity by the religious order, or orders;
Amendment No. 170	• it is intended that <i>development</i> shall be by a zoning by-law amendment restricting the uses on the property and keeping the lands within an agricultural zoning.
	3.1.8.4 Part Lots 13, 14 & 15 Conc. 11 (Blenheim) Township Of Blandford-Blenheim
	A 238.8 hectare (590 acre) parcel of land consisting of Part Lots 13, 14 and 15, Concession 11 (Blenheim) in the Township of Blandford- Blenheim, may be used for the following specific on-farm diversified uses to accommodate the Community Farm of the Brethren. It is intended that the non-agricultural uses as well as the residential uses shall be located within the existing developed area of the <i>farm unit</i> .
	• A maximum of 20 dwelling units within one or more buildings will be permitted to accommodate members of the Community Farm of

the Brethren.

- In addition to those agricultural uses already permitted on the subject property, additional on-farm diversified uses, including the manufacturing of down bedding and accessory retail outlet, an egg noodle processing plant, a construction business and a gear cutting business may be allowed in the site specific zoning by-law. The on-farm diversified uses shall be of a dry industrial nature, characterized by minimal water requirements for their processing, cooling or equipment washing and which do not discharge large quantities of waste water. Each on-farm diversified use shall directly involve the farm operators and resident on-farm family members and each use shall be limited to one additional full-time employee.
- The residential uses and non-agricultural related uses shall be subject to a site plan control by-law pursuant to Section 41 of the Planning Act, R.S.O. 1990, as amended, requiring the entering into of an agreement between the Township and the Community Farm.

• It is intended that *development* shall be by a zoning by-law amendment restricting the uses on the property and keeping the lands within an agricultural zoning.

3.1.8.5 Part Lot 19, Concession 3 (East Oxford) Township Of Norwich

A 28.3 hectare (70 acre) parcel of land consisting of Part Lot 19, Concession 3 (East Oxford), Township of Norwich, which is located immediately west of County Road 59 and consists of the nondeveloped lands between Pattullo Avenue and Old Stage Road, may be used for an active recreational use, specifically a golf course, within the area identified as a Sand and Gravel Resource Area in Appendix 2-1. All other criteria in the County of Oxford Official Plan to assess an application to permit an active recreational use shall be complied with. In addition, *development* of a golf course shall follow the environmental guidelines established by the Royal Canadian Golf Association.